| 1 |  | $u_{2}=\frac{10}{2^{2}}, u_{3}=\frac{10}{\text { their } 2.5^{2}}, u_{4}=\frac{10}{\text { their } 1.6^{2}}$ isw <br> $2+u_{2}+u_{3}+u_{4}$ soi <br> 10.00625 or $\frac{1601}{160}$ or $101 / 80$ cao isw | M1* <br> M1dep* <br> A1 <br> [3] | must be the sum of 4 terms only <br> B3 if unsupported | NB 2.5, 1.6, 3.90625 <br> or $\frac{10}{4}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{125}{32}$ <br> may be implied by eg sight of 3.9 and answer of 10.0 <br> NB 2.5, 1.1, 0.625 scores M0M0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2 | (i) | $11.5,11$ and 10.5 oe arithmetic and/or divergent | B1 <br> B1 <br> [2] | allow AP <br> ignore references to $a, d$ or $n$ | ignore labelling incorrect embellishments such as converging arithmetic..., diverging geometric... do not score. B0 if a choice is given eg AP/GP. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (ii) | $n=30$ identified as number of terms in relevant AP $S_{30}=\frac{30}{2}(2 \times 11.5+(30-1) \times-0.5)$ $127.5 \text { oе }$ | B1 M1 A1 [3] | or $S_{30}=\frac{30}{2}(11.5+-3)$ <br> allow recovery from slip in working (eg omission of minus sign) | eg $1+2+3+\ldots+30$ is not a relevant AP <br> condone one error in $a, d$ or $n$ but do not condone $l=-1 / 2$ <br> SC3 if each term calculated and summed to correct answer or for 127.5 unsupported |


| 3 | $0.05,2000,1.25 \times 10^{-6}$ or |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{1}{20}, 2000, \frac{1}{800000}$ o. |  |

divergent
B2 $\quad$ B1 for two correct
B1 allow "alternate terms tend to zero and to infinity" o.e.
do not allow "oscillating", "getting bigger and smaller", "getting further apart"

| 4 | $t_{1}=-\sin \theta$ <br> $t_{2}=\sin \theta$ | B1 <br> B1 | www <br> www | e.g. $\sin (\theta+360)=\sin \theta+\sin 360=\sin \theta \mathbf{B 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 5 | (i)(A) 390 | B2 | M1 for $500-11 \times 10$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (i)(B) $S_{24}=\frac{24}{2}(2 \times 500+(24-1) \times-10) \text { o.e. }$ <br> i.s. <br> or $S_{24}=\frac{24}{2}(500+270)$ o.e. i.s.w. [=9240] (answer given) | B2 | nothing simpler than $12(1000+23 \times-10) \text { or } \frac{24}{2}(1000-230)$ <br> or $12(2 \times 500-230)$ <br> if $\mathbf{B} 2$ not awarded, then <br> M1 for use of a.p. formula for $\mathrm{S}_{24}$ with $n=24, a=500$ and $d=-10$ <br> or $\mathbf{M 1}$ for $l=270$ s.o.i. | condone omission of final bracket or "(23)-10" if recovered in later work <br> if they write the sum out, all the terms must be listed for 2 marks <br> $12 \times(1000-230)$ or $12 \times 770$ on its own do not score |
| 5 | (ii)(A) 368.33(...) or 368.34 | B2 | M1 for $460 \times 0.98{ }^{11}$ |  |
| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (ii)(B) } \\ & \mathrm{J}_{20}=310 \\ & \mathrm{M}_{20}=313.36(\ldots), 313.4,313.3, \\ & \quad 313.37 \text { or } 313 \\ & \mathrm{~J}_{19}=320 \\ & \mathrm{M}_{19}=319.76(\ldots), 319.8 \text { or } 319.7 \end{aligned}$ | B3 | B3 for all 4 values correct or <br> B2 for 3 values correct or <br> B1 for 2 values correct | values which are clearly wrongly attributed do not score |
| 5 | (ii)(C) 8837 to 8837.06 | B2 | M1 for $S_{24}=\frac{460\left(1-0.98^{24}\right)}{1-0.98}$ o.e. |  |
| 5 | (ii)(D) $\frac{a\left(1-0.98^{24}\right)}{(1-0.98)}=9240$ o. 480.97 to 480.98 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | f.t. their power of 24 from (ii)C |  |


| $\mathbf{6}$ | $[1], \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 for $[1], \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ (i) | $2 \frac{1}{12}$ or $\frac{25}{12}$ or $2.08(3 \ldots)$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for $\frac{1}{1}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}$ |
| $\mathbf{7}$ (ii) | $\sum_{r=2}^{6} r(r+1)$ o.e. | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for $[\mathrm{f}(r)=]$ <br> M1 for $[a=] 6$ |


| 8 | (i) 193 | 2 | M1 for $8+15+\ldots+63$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii)divergent + difference between <br> terms increasing o.e. | 1 |  | 3 |  |


| $\mathbf{9}$ | (i) 27 or ft from their 11 | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) | 1 | M1 for $1 \times 2+2 \times 3+3 \times 4$ soi, or 2,6,12 <br> identified, or for substituting $\mathrm{n}=3$ in <br> standard formulae | 4 |


| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | (i) |  | converging + valid reason | 1 |  | eg converges to 0, $r=1 / 2$, difference <br> between terms decreasing, sum of <br> terms converges to 6, G.P. with $\|r\|<1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | (ii) |  | neither + valid reason | $[1]$ | eg divergent oe, A.P., $d=4$ oe, <br> convergent and periodic ruled out with <br> correct reasons |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | (iii) |  | periodic + valid reason | $[1$ |  | eg repeating cycle of terms |


| $\mathbf{1 1}$ |  | $3 \times(3+2)+4 \times(4+2)+5 \times(5+2)+6$ <br> $\times(6+2)$ <br> 122 www | M1 | oe | B2 for 122 unsupported |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | A1 |  |  |  |


| 12 | 11.4 o.e. | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{M 1}$ for $12 / 3+12 / 4+12 / 5+12 / 6$ o.e. | M0 unless four terms summed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 13 | (i) | 5 with valid method | 1 | eg sequence has period of 4 nos. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) | 165 www <br> 2 | $\mathrm{M1}$ for $13 \times(1+3+5+3)+1+3+5$ or <br> for $14 \times(1+3+5+3)-3$ | 3 |  |

